

Mesopotamia

Mesopotamia: pseudo-ancient name for the country that is now known as Iraq. In Antiquity, it was not common to regard the five parts of this region as a unity.

The Greek word Mesopotamia, "country between rivers" ([Euphrates](#) and [Tigris](#)), is used for the first time by the historian [Arrian of Nicomedia](#), in his account of the campaigns of [Alexander the Great](#). He uses older sources, and Arrian applies the expression to what is now eastern Syria and northern Iraq - the part now called *Jeziira* ("the island"). The first to use the word to indicate southern Iraq too, was [Pliny the Elder](#). In Antiquity, Arrian's usage was more common. When the Romans conquered land east of the Euphrates, they called this new [province](#) Mesopotamia, even though they had not subdued the south.

The larger area can be divided into five parts.

1. **Mesopotamia proper:** Arrian's meaning of the word is a translation from the Babylonian expression *mât birît nârim*, which was not only accepted in Greek, but in several other languages as well (the Aramaic *beyhn nahrîn*; Hebrew *Aram naharaim*; Old Persian *Miyanrudan*). There were several important cities, like [Edessa](#), [Harran](#), Nisibis, Singara, Hatra. The northern part has a more or less Mediterranean climate, with 400-800 mm of rain per year; to the south, there is less rain and the country becomes a steppe. The earth is rich in minerals because it is volcanic; the most fertile parts belong to the Turkish part of Kurdistan; the southern part is divided between Syria (which has the valley of the Khabur, a tributary of the Euphrates), and Iraq.
2. **Assyria:** the hilly country east of the Tigris, intersected by the rivers Little Zab and Great Zab. The main cities were Aššur, [Arbela](#), and Nineveh. The eastern parts share the rains that fall in the mountains and are green; the western parts have a steppe climate, with 200-400 mm of rainfall. Today, this belongs to the country of the Kurds.
3. **Babylonia:** the fertile southern part, called after its capital [Babylon](#). There are several important cities. West of the Euphrates, we find Eridu and Ur; between the rivers Larsa, Uruk, Umma, Isin, Nippur, Kish, Babylon, and Sippar; east of the ancient course of the Tigris are Lagaš and Girsu. This alluvial plain has a hot arid climate and 200-400 mm of rain, but the rivers bring sufficient water for agriculture. A large part of the modern population belongs to the Shi'a Islam.
4. The **western desert**, populated with nomads. In historical times, they were sometimes called Amorites, Aramaeans, Chaldaeans, and [Arabs](#). There is less than 200 mm of rainfall, and there is -of course- an arid climate.
5. Finally, the **mountains** in the north and east, which are now part of Turkey and Iran ([Zagros](#)). They have a mountain climate with more than 800 mm of rain. Conditions for agriculture are excellent, and it was probably in these areas that agriculture was invented ("the Neolithic Revolution").

The country is extremely rich in agricultural resources. "So great is the fertility of the grain fields that they normally produce crops of two-hundredfold, and in an exceptional year as much as three-hundredfold," writes the Greek researcher [Herodotus of Halicarnassus](#). This is exaggerated, but the real fifteenfold yields were indeed extremely high.

Other products were scarce. Mesopotamia proper has some forests, but in Babylonia, wood had to be imported. Metallic ores are absent. The only resource is oil - but in Antiquity, no one knew an application for this dirty product.

Ancient kings

1. [Sumerian kings](#) (2700-2300)
2. [Ur, Uruk, Lagaš, and Akkad](#) (2340-2004)
3. [Ur, Mari, Larsa, Isin, Babylon](#) (2004-1595)
4. [The Dark age of Assyria and Babylonia](#)
5. [Assyria, Babylonia, Hittites, Egypt](#) (1400-1300)
6. [Assyria, Babylonia, Hittites, Elam, Egypt](#) (1300-1200)
7. [Assyria, Babylonia, Elam, Egypt](#) (1200-1100)
8. [Assyria, Babylonia, Egypt](#) (1100-970)
9. [Assyria, Babylonia, Israel, Judah, Egypt](#) (970-840)
10. [Assyria, Babylonia, Israel, Judah, Egypt](#) (840-720)
11. [Assyria, Babylonia, Urartu, Elam, Judah, Egypt](#) (722-610)
12. [Babylonia, Medes, Persia, Lydia, Judah, Egypt](#) (625-525)

Sumerian kings (2700-2350)

The dates at the end of this period are based on the [Middle Chronology](#). Kings on the same line were contemporaries; people in italics were no rulers.

<i>Lagaš</i>	<i>Umma</i>	<i>Uruk</i>	<i>Ur</i>	<i>Kiš/Agade</i>	
	Pabulgagi			Enmen-baragesi	2700
		Gilgameš		Agga	
	Aga			son of Munusušumgal	2600
Lugalša'engur				Mesalim	
Enhegal				Enna'il	
<i>Gursar</i>			Urpabilsag		
<i>Gunidu</i>					
Urnanše	Pabilgaltuk		Meskalamdug		2500
			Akalamdug		
Akurgal	Uš		Mesanepada		
	Enakale		A'anepada	Al[...]	
Eanatum			Mes-ki'ag-Nanna		
Enanatum I	Urluma				
Enmetana	E'andamu		Lugalkiginedudu		
Enanatum II	...				2400
Enentarzi	Gišakidu		Lugalkisalsi	Lugalsilasi	
	U'u	Lubaragesi	Elini		
Lugalanda		Urzage			
		En-šakuš-ana		Enbi-ištar	
Uruinimguna	Lugalzagesi (2341-2316)	Lugalzagesi (2341-2316)	Lugalzagesi (2341-2316)	Urababa	2350
				Sargon of Agade (2335-2279)	
				Rimuš of Agade (2279-2270)	

Ancient kings (2340-2004)

<i>Uruk</i>	<i>Ur</i>	<i>Akkad</i>	<i>Lagaš</i>	
Lugalzagesi (2341-2316)	Lugalzagesi of Uruk (2341-2316)		Uruinimguna	2335
		Sargon (2335-2279)		2316
				2279
		Rimuš (2279-2270)		2270
		Maništušu (2270-2255)		2255
		Naram-Sin (2255-2218)		2218
		Šar-kali-šarri (2218-2193)		2193
		Irgigi, Nanum, Imi, and Elulu (2193-2190)		2190
		Dudu (2190-2169)		2169
		Šu-durul (2169-2154)		2155
				2154
Ur-Nigin (2154-2147)			Ur-Baba (2155-2142)	2147
Ur-gigir (2147-2141)				2142
Kuda (2141-2135)				2141
Puzur-ili (2135-2130)			Gudea (2142-2122)	2135
Ur-Utu (2130-2124)				2130
Utu-Hegal (2124-2113)				2124
				2122
	Ur-Nammu (2113-2095)			2113
	Šulgi (2095-2047)			2095
	Amar-Sin (2047-2038)			2047
	Šu-Sin (2038-2029)			2038
	Ibbi-Sin (2029-2004)			2029
				2004

Ancient kings (2000-1595)

Babylon (1st dynasty)	Larsa	Isin	Mari	Ur III Ibbi-Sin (2029-2004)	
					2026
	Naplanum (2026-2005)				2018
		Išbi-Irra (2018-1985)			2005
					2004
	Emisum (2005-1977)				1985
		Šu-ilišu (1985-1975)			1977
					1975
	Samium (1977-1942)	Iddin-Dagan (1975-1954)			1954
		Išme-Dagan (1954-1935)			1942
	Zabaja (1942-1933)				1935
		Lipit-Ištar (1935-1924)			1933
	Gungunum (1933-1906)			Gungunum takes Ur	1924
		Ur-Ninurta (1924-1896)			1906
	Abisare (1906-1895)				1896
					1895
					1894
Sumuabum (1894-1881)		Bur-Sin (1896-1874)			1881
	Sumuel (1895-1866)				1874
		Lipit-Enlil (1864-1869)			1869
					1869
Sumulael (1881-1845)		Irra-imitti (1869-1861)			1866
	Nur-Adad (1866-1850)				1861
					1850
	Sin-iddinam (1850-1843)				1845
		Enlil-bani			1843

Sabium (1845-1831)	Sin-eribam (1843-1841)	(1861-1837)	Iaggid-Lim	1841
	Sin-iqišam (1841-1836)			1837
	Silli-Adad (1836-1835)	Zambija (1837-1834)		1836
	Warad-Sin (1835-1823)	Iter-piša (1834-1831)		1835
Apil-Sin (1831-1813)	Urdukuga (1831-1828)	Sin-magir (1828-1817)	Iahdun-Lim	1834
				1831
				1828
Sin-muballit (1813-1793)	Damiq-ilišu (1817-1794)		Iasmah-Adad (1797-1780)	1823
				1817
Hammurabi (1793-1750)	Rim-Sin (1823-1763)		Zimri-Lin (1780-1761)	1813
				1797
Samsuiluna (1750-1712)				1794
Abi-ešuh (1712-1684)				1793
Ammititana (1684-1647)				1780
Ammisaduqa (1647-1626)				1763
Samsuditana (1626-1595)				1761
				1750

Ancient kings (Dark Age)

<u>Assyria</u>	<u>Babylonia (Kassites)</u>	<u>Babylonia (Sealand)</u>	<u>Babylonia (1st dynasty)</u>
Ilušuma (dates not known)			Sumuabum (1894-1881) c.1894
Erišum I contemporary of Sumulael			c.1881
Ikunum (dates not known)			
Sargon I (dates not known)		Ilumael (60 years)	Sumulael (1881-1845)
Puzur-Aššur II (?-1876)			c.1876
Naram-Sin (c.1876- ?)			c.1845
Erišum II (?-1813)			Sabium (1845-1831) c.1831
Šamši-Adad I (1813-1781)			Apil-Sin (1831-1813) c.1822
			Sin-muballit (1813-1793) c.1813
		Itti-ili-nibi (56 years?)	c.1793
			Hammurabi (1793-1750) c.1781
Išme-Dagan I (1781-1741)		Damiq-ilišu (26 years?)	c.1765
Mut-Aškur (dates not known)			c.1750
Rimu-xxx (dates not known)			c.1741
Asinum (dates not known)		Iškibal (15 years)	c.1740
			c.1729
			c.1725

Aššur-dugul (6 years)	Gandaš I (1729-1704)	Šušši (24 years)	Samsuiluna (1750-1712)	
Aššur-apla-idi (dates not known)				
Nasir-Sin (dates not known)				
Sin-namir (dates not known)	Agum I (1704-1682)	Gulkišar (12 years)		c.1712
Ipqi-Ištar (dates not known)			Abi-ešuh (1712-1684)	c.1704
Adad-salulu (dates not known)		^m GÍŠ-EN, same (12 years)		c.1700
Adasi (years not known)				c.1688
Belu-bani (10 years)	Kaštiliašu I (1682-1659)	Pešgaldaramaš (50 years)		c.1684
Libaja (17 years)			Ammiditana (1684-1647)	c.1682
Šarma-adad I (12 years)	Abirattaš (1659-...)	Adarakalamma (28 years)		c.1676
IB.TAR-Sin (12 years)				c.1674
Bazaja (28 years)			Ammisaduqa (1647-1626)	c.1664
Lullaja (6 years)	Harba-Šipak (dates not known)	Ekurduanna (26 years)		c.1659
				Samsuditana (1626-1595)
				c.1634
				c.1626
				c.1622
				c.1599
				1595
				c.1594

Šu-Ninua (14 years)	Tiptakzi contemporary of Šarma- Adad	Melamkurkurra (7 years) contemporary of Šarma- Adad	c.1588
Šarma-Adad II (3 years)			c.1574 c.1572
Erišum III (13 years)	Agum II (dates not known)	Ea-gamil (9 years)	c.1571
Šamši-Adad II (6 years)			c.1565 c.1558 c.1556
Išme-Dagan II (16 years)	Burnaburiaš I contemporary of Išme- Dagan		c.1552
Šamši-Adad III (16 years)			c.1536
Aššur-nirari I (26 years)	Kaštiliašu III contemporary of Aššur- nirari		c.1520
Puzur-Aššur III (14/24 years)			c.1494
Enlil-nasir (13 years)	Ulamburiaš contemporary of Puzur- Aššur, Enlil-nasir and Nur-ili		c.1480
Nur-ili (12 years)			c.1467
Aššur-šaduni (one month)			c.1455
Aššur-rabi I (dates not known)			
Aššur-nadin-ahhe I (dates unknown)	Agum III (dates not known)		c.1437
Enlil-nasir II			1420

(1420-1415)		
Aššur-nirari II (1415-1408)		1415
Aššur-Bêl-nišešu (1408-1399)	Karaindaš contemporary of Aššur-Bêl- nišešu	1408
	Kadašman-Harbe I (dates not known)	1399
Aššur-rim-nišešu (1399-1391)	Kurigalzu I (dates not known)	

Ancient kings (1400-1300)

<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Hittites</i>	<i>Assyria</i>	<i>Babylonia</i>	
Thutmose IV (1401-1391)	Hattusili II (1400-1390)	Aššur-bêl-nišešu (1408-1399)	Kurigalzu I (dates not known)	1399
		Aššur-rim-nišešu (1399-1391)		1391
Amenhotep III (1391-1353)	Tudhaliya II (1390-1370)	Aššur-nadin-ahhe II (1391-1381)	Kadašman-Enlil I (c.1377-1360)	1390
		Eriba-Adad I (1381-1354)		1381
	Arnuwanda I (1370-1355)	c.1377		
	Tudhaliya III (1355-1344)	1370		
Akhenaten (1353-1336)	Suppiluliuma (1344-1322)	Aššur-uballit I (1354-1318)	Burnaburiaš II (1360-1333)	1360
				1355
Tutankhamun (1336-1327)	Arnuwanda II (1322-1321)	Enlil-nirari (1318-1308)	Kara-Hardaš (1333)	1354
				1353
Ay (1326-1322)	Mursili II (1321-1295)	Arik-den-ili (1308-1296)	Nazi-Bugaš (1333)	1344
				1337
Horemheb (1322-1295)	Mursili II (1321-1295)	Arik-den-ili (1308-1296)	Kurigalzu II (1333-1308)	1333
				1326
				1322
				1321
				1318
			Nazi-Maruttaš (1308-1282)	1308

Ancient kings (1300-1200)

<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Hittites</i>	<i>Assyria</i>	<i>Babylonia</i>	<i>Elam</i>	
Horemheb (1322-1295)	Mursili II (1321-1295)	Arik-den-ili (1308-1296)			1300
					1296
Ramses I (1293-1295)			Nazi-Maruttaš (1308-1282)		1295
				Humban-numena (c.1300-c.1275)	1293
Sety I (1293-1279)	Muwatalli II (1295-1271)				1282
		Adad-nirari I (1296-1264)			1279
			Kadašman-Turgu (1282-1264)		1275
	Mursili III (1271-1264)				1271
			Kadašman-Enlil II (1264-1255)	Untaš-napiriša (c.1275-c.1240)	1264
	Hattusili III (1264-1239)		Kudur-Enlil (1255-1246)		1255
		Šalmaneser I (1264-1234)			1246
			Šagarakti-Šuriaš (1246-1233)	Unpahaš-napiriša (c.1240-c.1235)	1240
Ramses II (1279-1213)					1239
					1235
					1234
			Kaštiliašu IV (1233-1225)		1233
					1225
			Enlil-nadin-šumi (1225-1224)		1224
	Tudhaliya IV (1239-1209)		Kadašman-Harbe II (1124-1223)	Kiden-Hutran (c.1235-c.1205)	1224
		Tukulti-ninurta I (1234-1197)			1223
			Adad-šuma-iddina (1223-1217)		1223
					1217
					1213
Merenptah (1213-1203)	Arnuwanda III (1209-1205)		Adad-šuma-usur (1217-1187)		1209
					1205
Sety II (1203-1196)	Suppiluliuma II (c.1205-?)			Hallutuš-Inšušinak (c.1205-c.1185)	1203

Ancient kings (1200-1100)

<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Assyria</i>	<i>Babylonia</i>	<i>Elam</i>
Sety II (1203-1196)	Tukulti-ninurta I (1234-1197)	Adad-šuma-usur (1217-1187)	1197
	Aššur-nadin-apli (1197-1193)		1196
Siptah (1196-1190)	Aššur-nirari III (1192-1187)	Adad-šuma-usur (1217-1187)	Hallutuš-Inšušinak (c.1205-c.1185)
			1193
Tausret (1190-1188)	Aššur-nirari III (1192-1187)	Adad-šuma-usur (1217-1187)	1190
			1188
Setnakht (1186-1184)	Enlil-kudurri-usur (1187-1182)	Meli-Šipak (1187-1172)	1187
			1186
Ramses III (1184-1152)	Ninurta-apil-Ekur (1182-1179)	Meli-Šipak (1187-1172)	1185
			1184
Ramses III (1184-1152)	Aššur-dan I (1179-1133)	Marduk-apla-iddina I (1172-1159)	1181
			1179
Ramses III (1184-1152)	Aššur-dan I (1179-1133)	Marduk-apla-iddina I (1172-1159)	1172
			1159
Ramses III (1184-1152)	Aššur-dan I (1179-1133)	Zababa-šuma-iddina (1159-1158)	1158
		Enlil-nadin-ahi (1158-1155)	1155
Ramses IV (1152-1146)	Aššur-dan I (1179-1133)	Marduk-kabit-ahhešu (1158-1140)	Šutruk-Nahhunte (c.1185-c.1155)
			1152
Ramses V (1146-1142)	Aššur-dan I (1179-1133)	Marduk-kabit-ahhešu (1158-1140)	Kudur-Nahhunte (c.1155-c.1150)
			1150
Ramses VI (1142-1134)	Aššur-dan I (1179-1133)	Marduk-kabit-ahhešu (1158-1140)	1146
			1142
Ramses VII	Ninurta-tukulti-Aššur	Itti-Marduk-balatu	1140
			1134
Ramses VII	Ninurta-tukulti-Aššur	Itti-Marduk-balatu	Šilhak-Inšušinak

(1134-1133)	(1133)	(1140-1132)	(c.1150-c.1120)	1133
Ramses VIII (1133-1126)	Mutakkil-Nusku (1133)	Ninurta-nadin-šumi (1132-1126)		1132
	Aššur-reš-iši I (1133-1115)			1126
Ramses IX (1126-1107)	Tiglath-pileser I (1115-1076)	Nebuchadnezzar I (1126-1104)	Huletutuš-Inšušinak (c.1120-c.1110)	1120
				1115
Ramses X (1107-1098)		Enlil-nadin-apli (1104-1100)		1110
		Marduk-nadin-ahhe (1100-1082)		1107
				1104
				1100

Ancient kings (1100-970)

<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Assyria</i>	<i>Babylonia</i>	
Ramses X (1107-1098)	Tiglath-pileser I (1115-1076)	Enlil-nadin-apli (1104-1100)	1100
Ramses XI (1098-1069)		Ašarid-apil-Ekur (1075-1074)	Marduk-nadin-ahhe (1100-1082)
	Marduk-šapik-zeri (1082-1069)		1082
			1076
Smendes (1069-1043)	Aššur-bêl-kala (1073-1056)	Adad-apla-iddina (1069-1047)	1074
	Eriba-Adad II (1055-1054)		1069
	Šamši-Adad IV (1053-1050)		1056
			1054
			1050
Amenemnisu (1043-1039)	Aššurnasirpal I (1049-1031).	Marduk-ahhe-eriba (1047-1046)	1047
		Marduk-zer-xxx (1046-1034)	1046
Psusennes I (1039-993)	Aššurnasirpal I (1049-1031).	Marduk-zer-xxx (1046-1034)	1043
			1039
	Aššur-nirari IV (1018-1013)	Nabu-šumu-libur (1034-1026)	1034
		Šalmaneser II (1030-1019)	1031
			1026
		1019	
Aššur-nirari IV (1018-1013)	Simbar-Šipak (1026-1008)	1013	
		Ea-mukin-zeri (1008)	1008
			1005
Aššur-nirari IV (1018-1013)	Kaššu-nadin-ahhe (1008-1005)	Eulmaš-šakin-šumi	1005
			993

Amenemope (993-984)	Aššur-rabi II (1012-972)	(1005-988)	988
		Ninurta-kudirri-usur I (988-985)	
Širikti-Šuqamuna (985)		985	
Mar-biti-apla-usur (985-979)			
Osochor (984-978)			
Siamun (978-959)	Aššur-reš-iši II (971-967)	Nabû-mukin-apli (979-943)	978
			972

Ancient kings (970-840)

<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Judah</i>	<i>Israel</i>	<i>Assyria</i>	<i>Babylonia</i>
Siamun (978-959)	Solomon (970-931)		Aššur-reš-iši II (971-967)	
Psusennes II (959-945)				Nabu-mukin-apli (979-943)
Sheshonq I (945-924)				Tiglath-pileser II (967-935)
	Rehoboam 931-913		Aššur-dan II (935-912)	Mar-biti-ahhe-iddina (942-?)
Osorkon I (924-889)	Abijah (913-911)	Jeroboam (930-910)		Šamaš-mudammiq contemporary of Adad-nirari and Aššur-dan
		Nadab (910-909)	Adad-nirari II (912-891)	
Sheshonq II (890)		Baasha (909-886)		Nabu-šuma-ukin I contemporary of Adad-nirari and Tukulti-Ninurta
Takelot I (889-874)	Asa (911-870)		Tukulti-Ninurta II (891-884)	
		Elah (886-885)		
		Zimri (885)		

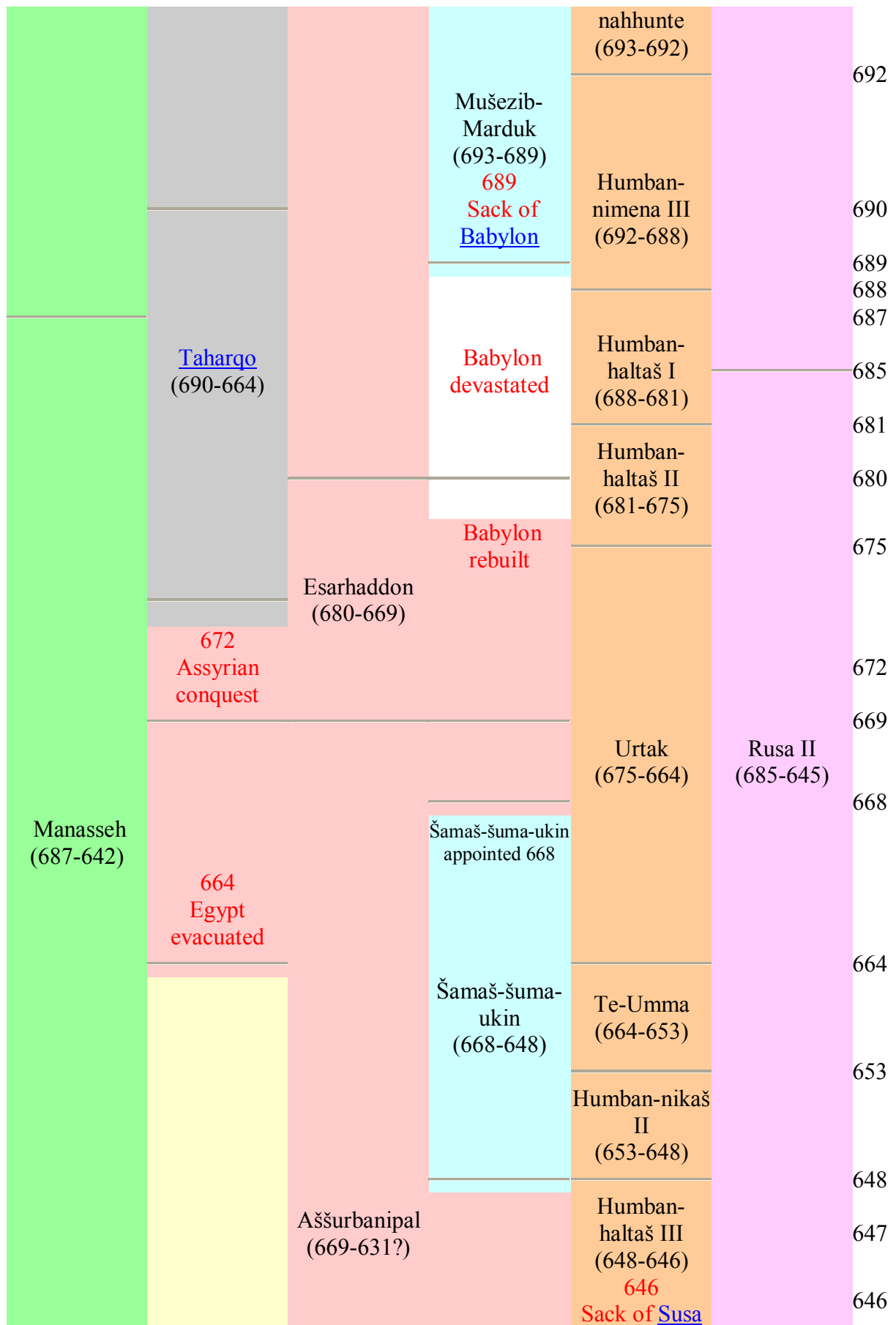
		Omri (885-874)		884
			Aššurnasirpal II (884-859)	874
Osorkon II (874-850)		Ahab (874-853)		870
	Jehoshaphat (870-848)	Ahaziah (853-852)		859
				853
		Jehoram (852-842)	Šalmaneser III (859-824)	Nabû-apla-iddina contemporary of Aššurnasirpal and Šalmaneser
Takelot II (850-825)	Jehoram (848-842)			852
	Ahaziah (842)		850	
	Athaliah (842-836)	Jehu (842-814)	848	
				842

Ancient kings (840-720)							
<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Judah</i>	<i>Israel</i>	<i>Assyria</i>	<i>Babylonia</i>		
	Takelot II (850-825)	Athaliah (842-836)	Jehu (842-814)	Šalmaneser III (858-824)	Nabû-apla-iddina contemporary of Šalmaneser 836		
						Marduk-zakir-šumi contemporary of Šalmaneser 825	
		Jehoash (836-796)	Jehoahaz (817-800)	Šamši-Adad V (824-811)	824		
Pedubast I (818-793)	Sheshonq III (825-773)						Marduk-balassu-iqbi (?-813) 814
							813
		Amaziah (796-782)	Joash (800-784)	Adad-nirari III (811-783)	Baha-aha-iddina (812-?) 811		
							Ninurta-apla-xxx (dates unknown) 800
Iuput I (804-783)					796		
					Marduk-bêl-zeri (dates unknown) 793		
		Azariah (782)	Jeroboam II (788-747)	Šalmaneser IV (783-773)	784		
Sheshonq IV (783-777)							783
					782		
					777		
					Marduk-apla-usur (dates unknown) 773		
Osorkon III (777-749)	Pimay (773-767)			Aššur-dan III (773-755)	767		
					Eriba-Marduk (dates unknown) 755		
					Nabu-šuma-iškun 749		

Takelot II (754-734)	Sheshonq V (767-730)	Uzziah (782-737)		Aššur-nirari V (755-745)	(?-748)	748
			Zechariah six months in 747			747
			Shallum one month in 747			
			Menahem (747-737)		Nabu-nasir (748-734)	745
Rudamun (734-731)	Jehoaahaz I (735-715)		Pekahiah (737-735)			735
			Pekah (735-732)		Nabu-nadin-zeri (734-732)	734
				Tiglath-pileser III (745-727)	Nabu-šuma-ukin II (732)	732
Iuput II (731-715)	Osorkon IV (730-715)		Hoshea (732-722)		Nabu-mukin-zeri (732-729)	731
						730
						729
						727
			722 (or 724) Fall of Samaria	Šalmaneser V (726-722)		724

Ancient kings (722-610)

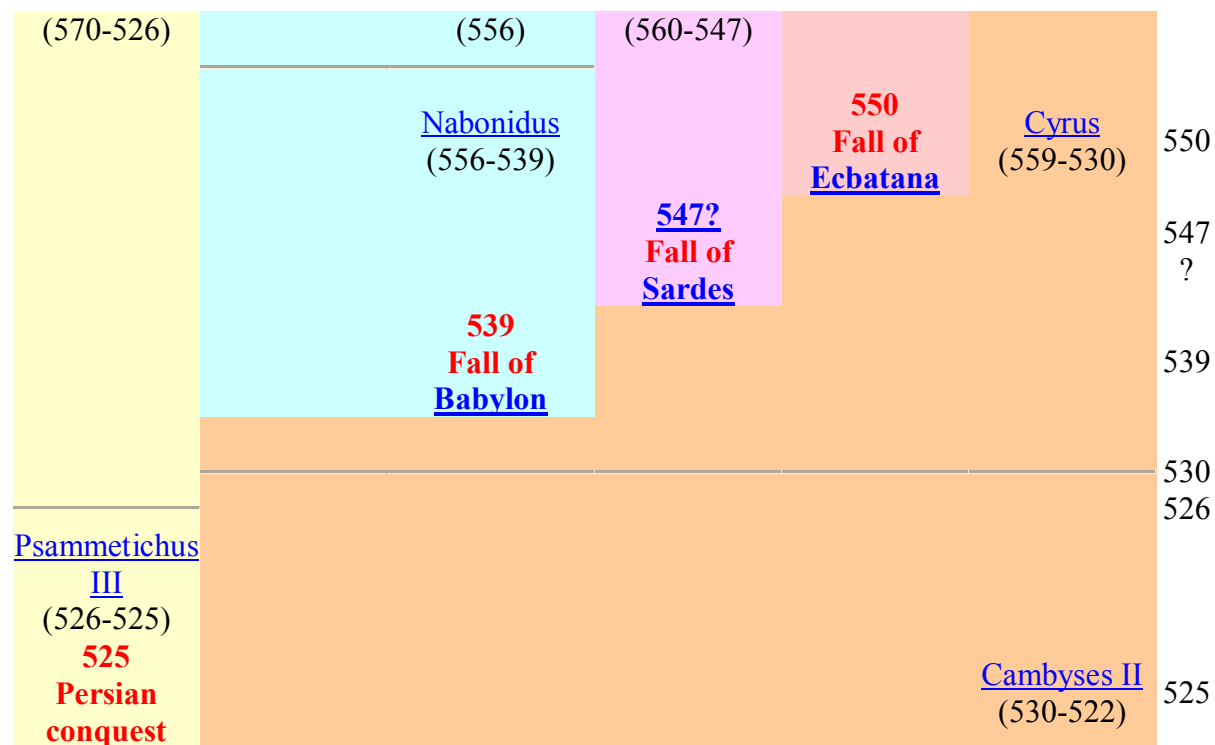
<i>Judah</i>	<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Assyria</i>	<i>Babylonia</i>	<i>Elam</i>	<i>Urartu (*)</i>					
Jehoahaz I (735-715)	Tefnakht I (727-720)	Šalmaneser V (726-722)	Marduk-apla-iddina (721-710)	Humban-nikaš I (743-717)	722					
	Rusa I (734-714)				721					
Hezekiah (715-687)	Bakenranef (720-715)	Sargon (721-705)	Marduk-apla-iddina (721-710)	Šuturnahhunte II (717-699)	720					
	Kushite conquest				Marduk-apla-iddina flees	717				
						Shabaqo (716-702)	Marduk-zakir-šumi (703)	715		
								Marduk-apla-iddina returns (703-702)	714	
	Shebitqo (702-690)				Bel-Ibni (702-700)	Aššur-nadin-šumi (699-694)	Hallušu-Inšušinak (699-693)		710	
								Argište II (714-685)	705	
									Nergal-ušeziab (693)	703
								Sennacherib (705-681)		Kudur-
									700	
	699									
694										
693										



				Ruled by petty kings a/o Šuturnahhunte III	645
Amon (642-640)			Kandalanu (647-627)		642
					640
	<u>Psammetichus I</u> (664-610)				635
					631
			Aššur-etel-ilani (631?-?)	Sin-šumlišir and Sin-šar-iškun (627-626)	629
					627
Josiah (640-610)			Sin-šumu-lišir (dates unknown)	Humban-kitin (?)	626
			Sin-šar-iškun (?-612)		
			612 <u>Fall of Nineveh</u>	<u>Nabopolassar</u> (626-605)	612
			Aššur-uballit II (612-610)		
					610
Jehoahaz II (609)	<u>Necho II</u> (610-595)				609

Ancient kings (625-525)

<i>Egypt</i>	<i>Judah</i>	<i>Babylonians</i>	<i>Lydia</i>	<i>Medes</i>	<i>Persians</i>
<u>Psammetichus I</u> (664-610)	Josiah (640-609)				
		<u>Nabopolassar</u> (625-605)			
	Jehoahaz (609)		<u>Sadyattes</u> (c.625-c.600)		Teispes (to c.600)
<u>Necho II</u> (609-595)	Jehoiachim (609-598)				
				<u>Cyaxares</u> (c.625-585)	
	Jehoiachin (598-597)	<u>Nebuchadnezza I</u> (605-562)			
<u>Psammetichus II</u> (595-589)	Zedekiah (597-586)				
	586 Fall of Jerusalem		<u>Alyattes</u> (c.600-560)		<u>Cyrus</u> (c.600-c.580)
<u>Apries</u> (589-567)					
		<u>Amel-Marduk</u> (562-560)			
		<u>Neriglissar</u> (560-556)		<u>Astyages</u> (c.585-550)	<u>Cambyses I</u> (c.580-559)
<u>Amasis</u>		<u>Labashi-Marduk</u>	<u>Croesus</u>		



Source:
<http://www.livius.org/babylonia.html>